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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/599,753	07/25/2007	Henrik Arnberg	15665-010US1	3748
26191 FISH & RICHA	7590 09/15/201 ARDSON P.C.	EXAMINER		
PO BOX 1022		CHANDRA, GYAN		
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55440-1022			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1646	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/15/2010	ELECTRONIC

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

PATDOCTC@fr.com

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/599,753	ARNBERG, HENRIK	
Examiner	Art Unit	
GYAN CHANDRA	1646	

The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the	e cover sheet with the correspondence address
THE REPLY FILED <u>26 August 2010</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION	ON IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1 application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with a for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114 periods:	) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the ppeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires months from the mailing date of the	e final rejection.
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Act no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SI Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY C	tion, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In IX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which th have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened si set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	I the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee tatutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as
2. ☐ The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with	a 37 CER 41 37 must be filed within two months of the date of
filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension there Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the tir AMENDMENTS	eof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to	o the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because
(a) ☐ They raise new issues that would require further consideration	
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);	
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form fo appeal; and/or	or appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a correspond	ding number of finally rejected claims.
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	
4. 🔲 The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See at	tached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):	
<ol> <li>Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if s non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ol>	
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a)  will not how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 16, 18, 21-26 and 32-36. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:	
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE	
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>	
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was	all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the sta	atus of the claims after entry is below or attached.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NO see continuation sheet.	T place the application in condition for allowance because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/0	08) Paper No(s)
13.  Other:	
	Robert Landsman/ rimary Examiner, Art Unit 1647

Continuation of 11 does not place the application in condition for allowance because:

Applicant's response filed on 8/26/2010 is acknowledged and fully considered.

Response to Arguments

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102-maintained

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 16, 18, 22-26, and 36 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Erickson-Miller et al (US pub. No. 20070105824) for the reasons of record on pg. 2-5 of the office action of 5/26/2010 and as discussed below.

Applicants argue that (i) the amended claim now recites a composition comprising a therapeutic agent, said therepeutic agent consists of at least one GM-CSF polypeptide and (ii) the transitional phase "consisting of" serves to limit the scope of the therapeutic agent to the recited one or more GM-CSF polypeptide.

Appliants' arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive because the claims are drawn to a composition "comprising a therapeutic agent, wherein said agent is at least one GM-CSF". The amendments to claim 16 does not limit to a composition which only comprises GM-CSF. Because Erickson-Miller et al teach that periodontal diseases and gingivitis can be treated by co-administering TPO agonist and an agent such as GM-CSF, the prior art of record anticipates the instantly claimed invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action: (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in Graham v. John Deere Co., 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 21 and 32-35 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Erickson-Miller et al (US pub. No. 20070105824) in view of O'Uchi et al (US Patent No. 6,682,718) for the reasons of record on pg. 5-8 of the office action of 5/26/10 and as discussed below.

Applicants argue that Erickson-Miller does not teach administering only GM-CSF as recited in the claim, therefore the rejection should be withdrawn.

Appliants' arguemnts have been fully considered but they are not persuasive because the instantly claimed invention is not limited to treating a composition consisting of GM-CSF and because the reference Erickson-Miller et al clearly teaches treating a periodontal disease or gingivitis by administering a composition comprising GM-CSF as discussed above. The reference O'Uchi et al teaches injecting a composition into periodontal tissues around alveolar bone, namely into gingiva, alveolar mucosa, sublingual mucosa, palate part and the like that (col. 4, lines 25+). Therefore, one of the ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to administer the composition comrpising GM-CSF as taught by Erickson-Miller et al locally as taught by O'Uchi et al to treat a periovonatal disease such as gingivitis.